# Anti Cardiolipin IgG GENLISA™ ELISA

REF	: KBD301G
	Ver 2.0

IVD

Enzyme Immunoassay for the Quantitative Determination of Anti Cardiolipin IgG in human serum and plasma.

IVD	For In-vitro Diagnostic Use	REF	Catalog Number
X	Store At	LOT	Batch Code
	Manufactured By	Ì	Biological Risk
	Expiry Date	Ĩ	Consult Operating Instructions

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Krishgen Pudgala LLP Unit Nos#318/319, Shah & Nahar, Off Dr E Moses Road, Worli, Mumbai 400018. India. Tel: +91-22-49198700 | email: <u>sales@krishgenpudgala.com</u>

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#### Introduction:

The acronym "aPL" (anti-phospholipid antibodies) indicates improperly antibodies directed against negatively charged phospholipids like Cardiolipina (CL), Phosphatidyl serine (PS) Phosphatidyl inositol (PI) and phosphatidic acid (PA); more correctly the term anti-phospholipid antibodies indicates those antibodies directed against the complex between  $\beta$ 2GPI and anionic phospholipids that can bind to the fifth domain of  $\beta$ 2GPI. Among these, the Cardiolipina is the most commonly used phospholipid as an antigen for determining the aPL by ELISA method. Diagnostic laboratories measure the antibodies directed against the complex between  $\beta$ 2GPI and negatively charged phospholipids, as Phosphatidyl serine (PS) Phosphatidyl inositol (PI) and phosphatidic acid (PA). Some researchers suggest the use of PS instead of Cardiolipina in ELISA assays, for a more precise diagnosis. However, these antibodies against phospholipids are less commonly used, even if their use may increase the clinical sensitivity of patient samples with suspected.

#### Intended Use:

The Anti Cardiolipin IgG GENLISA<sup>™</sup> ELISA is intended for the quantitative determination of Anti Cardiolipin IgG in human serum and plasma.

#### Principle:

Anti Cardiolipin IgG GENLISA<sup>™</sup> ELISA is an indirect enzyme linked immunosorbent assay which is designed to quantitatively detect Anti Cardiolipin IgG present in the human serum and plasma. Anti Cardiolipin IgG test is based on the binding of antibodies on human serum or plasma directed against the antigenic complex between Cardiolipina and β2-Glycoprotein this complex is pre-coated onto microwells. Standards, Samples and Controls are pipetted into microwells Anti Cardiolipin IgG present in test sample binds to the antigen coated on the wells. And then Anti-human-IgG:HRP conjugate is pipetted and incubated to form an immune complex. After washing microwells in order to remove any non-specific binding, the substrate solution is added to microwells and color develops proportionally to the amount of Anti Cardiolipin IgG present in the sample. Color development is then stopped by addition of stop solution. Absorbance is measured at 450 nm.

#### Materials Provided:

- 1. Microtiter Coated Plate (8x12 wells) 1 no
- 2. Standards Anti Cardiolipin IgG (1.2 ml/vial) 0, 5, 10, 20, 80 AU/ml
- 3. Negative Control 1.2 ml
- 4. Positive Control 1.2 ml
- 5. Anti-human-IgG:HRP Conjugate 15 ml
- 6. (20X) Wash Buffer 2 x 25 ml
- 7. Sample Diluent 100 ml
- 8. TMB Substrate 12 ml
- 9. Stop Solution 12 ml
- 10. Instruction Manual

#### Materials to be provided by the End-User:

- 1. Microtiter Plate Reader able to measure absorbance at 450 nm.
- 2. Precision micropipettes (volume: 25  $\mu$ L and 100  $\mu$ L) with disposable tips
- 3. Distilled water
- 4. Timer with 60 min. range or higher
- 5. Container for the proper handling of waste and samples after use
- 6. Microplate washer.
- 7. Vortex or similar mixing tools.

#### Handling/Storage:

- 1. Store main kit components at recommended storage temperature indicated on the component label.
- 2. Before using, bring all components to room temperature (18-25°C). Upon assay completion return all components to appropriate storage conditions.
- 3. The Substrate is light-sensitive and should be protected from direct sunlight or UV sources.

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#### **Health Hazard Warnings:**

- 1. Reagents that contain preservatives may be harmful if ingested, inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Refer to the MSDS online for details.
- 2. To reduce the likelihood of blood-borne transmission of infectious agents, handle all serum and/or plasma in accordance with NCCLS regulations.

#### **Specimen Collection and Handling:**

**Serum-** Coagulate at room temperature for 10-20 minutes; centrifuge for 20-min at 2000-3000 rpm. Remove the supernatant. If precipitation appears, re-centrifuge.

**Plasma-** Use EDTA or citrate plasma as an anticoagulant, mix for 10-20 minutes; centrifuge for 15-min at 2000-3000 rpm. Remove the supernatant carefully. If precipitation appears, re-centrifuge.

Sample Dilution: To make 1:100 Dilution, dilute 10 ul Sample + 990 ul Sample Diluent.

#### **Reagent Preparation:**

- 1. Allow all components to reach RT (Room Temperature) prior to use in the assay.
- 2. Wash Buffer (1X) Dilution: To make Wash Buffer (1X), add 25ml of Wash Buffer (20X) to 475ml of DI water. This is the working solution.

#### **Test Procedure:**

- 1. All reagents should be allowed to reach room temperature before use.
- 2. Add 100 ul of Standards, Controls and Diluted Sample to the respective wells.
- 3. Incubate at Room Temperature for 1 hour.
- 3. Aspirate and wash plate 5 times with (1X) Wash Buffer and blot residual buffer by firmly tapping plate upside down on absorbent paper. Wipe of any liquid from the bottom outside of the microtiter wells as any residue can interfere in the reading step. All the washes should be performed similarly.
- 4. Add 100 ul Anti-human-lgG:HRP Conjugate to all wells.
- 5. Incubate at Room Temperature for 60 minutes.
- 6. Aspirate and wash plate 5 times with **(1X) Wash Buffer** and blot residual buffer by firmly tapping plate upside down on absorbent paper. Wipe of any liquid from the bottom outside of the microtiter wells as any residue can interfere in the reading step. All the washes should be performed similarly.
- 7. Add 100 ul of TMB Substrate to all wells.
- 8. Incubate at Room Temperature for 15 minutes.
- 9. Add 100 ul of Stop Solution.
- 10. Read result with an ELISA reader at 450 nm within 5 minutes of stopping the reaction.

#### Calculations:

Determine the Mean Absorbance for each set of duplicate or triplicate Standards and Samples. Using graph paper, plot the average value (absorbance 450 nm) of each standard on the Y-axis versus the corresponding concentration of the standards on the X-axis. Draw the best fit curve through the standard points. To determine the unknown Anti Cardiolipin IgG concentrations, find the unknown's Mean Absorbance value on the Y-axis and draw a horizontal line to the standard curve. At the point of intersection, draw a vertical line to the X-axis and read the Anti Cardiolipin IgG Concentration.



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If samples were diluted, multiply by the appropriate dilution factor. Software which is able to generate a cubic spline curve-fit or 4-PL is best recommended for automated results.

Note:

It is recommended to repeat the assay at a different dilution factor in the following case: - If the sample absorbance value is below the first standard.

If the determination value is higher or lower than normal range, it means there is an abnormal result. The final result should be diagnosed in correlation with the clinical symptoms and other diagnostic methods.

#### **Performance Characteristics:**

#### Sensitivity:

The clinical sensitivity of Anti Cardiolipin IgG is 75.0%.

#### Specificity

The clinical specificity of Anti Cardiolipin IgG is 70.0%.

#### **Detection Limit**

The lowest concentration of anti Cardiolipin IgG antibodies that can be distinguished from zero standards is about 0.08 AU/mL with a confidence limit of 95%.

#### Precision:

#### Precision and reproducibility

	IgG			
Sample	1		2	
	SD	CV%	SD	CV%
Intra-assay	2.73	5.6	2.48	4.7
Inter-assay	0.15	7.3	5.69	12.8

#### **REFERENCE VALUES**

In a normal range study with serum samples from healthy blood donors the following ranges have been established with the Anti-Cardiolipina IgG test:

Anti Cardiolipin IgG (AU/mL)	
Normal	< 10
Elevated	≥ 10

Please pay attention to the fact that the determination of a range of expected values for a "normal" population in a given method is dependent on many factors, such as specificity and sensitivity of the method used and type of population under investigation. Therefore each laboratory should consider the range given by the Manufacurer as a general indication and produce their own range of expected values based on the indigenous population where the laboratory works.

Positive results should be verified concerning the entire clinical status of the patient. Also every decision for therapy should be taken individually. It is recommended that each laboratory establishes its own normal and pathological ranges of seric Ab-Anti-Cardiolipina.

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#### **Safety Precautions:**

- This kit is For In-vitro Diagnostic Use only. Follow the working instructions carefully.
- The expiration dates stated on the kit are to be observed. The same relates to the stability stated for reagents
- Do not use or mix reagents from different lots.
- Do not use reagents from other manufacturers.
- Avoid time shift during pipetting of reagents.
- All reagents should be kept in the original shipping container.
- Some of the reagents contain small amount of sodium azide (< 0.1 % w/w) as preservative. They must not be swallowed or allowed to come into contact with skin or mucosa.
- Source materials maybe derived from human body fluids or organs used in the preparation of this kit were
  tested and found negative for HBsAg and HIV as well as for HCV antibodies. However, no known test
  guarantees the absence of such viral agents. Therefore, handle all components and all patient samples as if
  potentially hazardous.
- Since the kit contains potentially hazardous materials, the following precautions should be observed
- Do not smoke, eat or drink while handling kit material
- Always use protective gloves
- Never pipette material by mouth
- Wipe up spills promptly, washing the affected surface thoroughly with a decontaminant.
- In any case GLP should be applied with all general and individual regulations to the use of this kit.

### LIMITED WARRANTY

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Krishgen Pudgala LLP, 2023.

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Unit No.1/2, Om Sainath Commercial Complex, Off Mankoli-Anjur Phata Road. Village Dapode, Bhiwandi 421302.

### EC REP KinesisDx, Lyoner Strasse 14, Frankfurt, Germany

#### **Regulatory Status:**

CE Marked	Europe
FDA registered	USA
CDSCO registered	India

\* Under CDSCO Registration, please note



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### SCHEMATIC ASSAY PROCEDURE

1	All reagents should be allowed to reach room temperature before use.
2	Add 100 ul of Standards, Controls and Diluted Sample to the respective wells.
3	Incubate at Room Temperature for 1 hour.
4	Aspirate and wash plate 5 times with (1X) Wash Buffer and blot residual buffer by firmly tapping plate upside down on absorbent paper. Wipe of any liquid from the bottom outside of the microtiter wells as any residue can interfere in the reading step. All the washes should be performed similarly.
5	Add 100 ul Anti-human-IgG:HRP Conjugate to all wells
6	Incubate at Room Temperature for 60 minutes
7	Aspirate and wash plate 5 times with <b>(1X) Wash Buffer</b> and blot residual buffer by firmly tapping plate upside down on absorbent paper. Wipe of any liquid from the bottom outside of the microtiter wells as any residue can interfere in the reading step. All the washes should be performed similarly
8	Add 100 ul of TMB Substrate to all wells
9	Incubate at Room Temperature for 15 minutes
10	Add 100 ul of Stop Solution
11	Read result with an ELISA reader at 450 nm within 5 minutes of stopping the reaction.

МТР	Microtiter Plate (8x12 wells)
STD	Standards
NEG CNTRL	Negative Control
POS CNTRL	Positive Control
SAMP DIL	Sample Diluent
IgG HRP CONJ	Anti-human-IgG:HRP Conjugate
20X WASH BUF	(20X) Wash Buffer
SUB TMB	TMB Substrate
SOLN STOP	Stop Solution
i	Consult Instructions for Use
REF	Catalog Number
	Expiration Date
X	Storage Temperature

### SYMBOLS KEY